

**95-1345R1**

# **Bursty ABR Sources**

**Raj Jain, Shiv Kalyanaraman, Sonia Fahmy, Fang Lu**

The Ohio State University

Department of CIS

Columbus, OH 43210

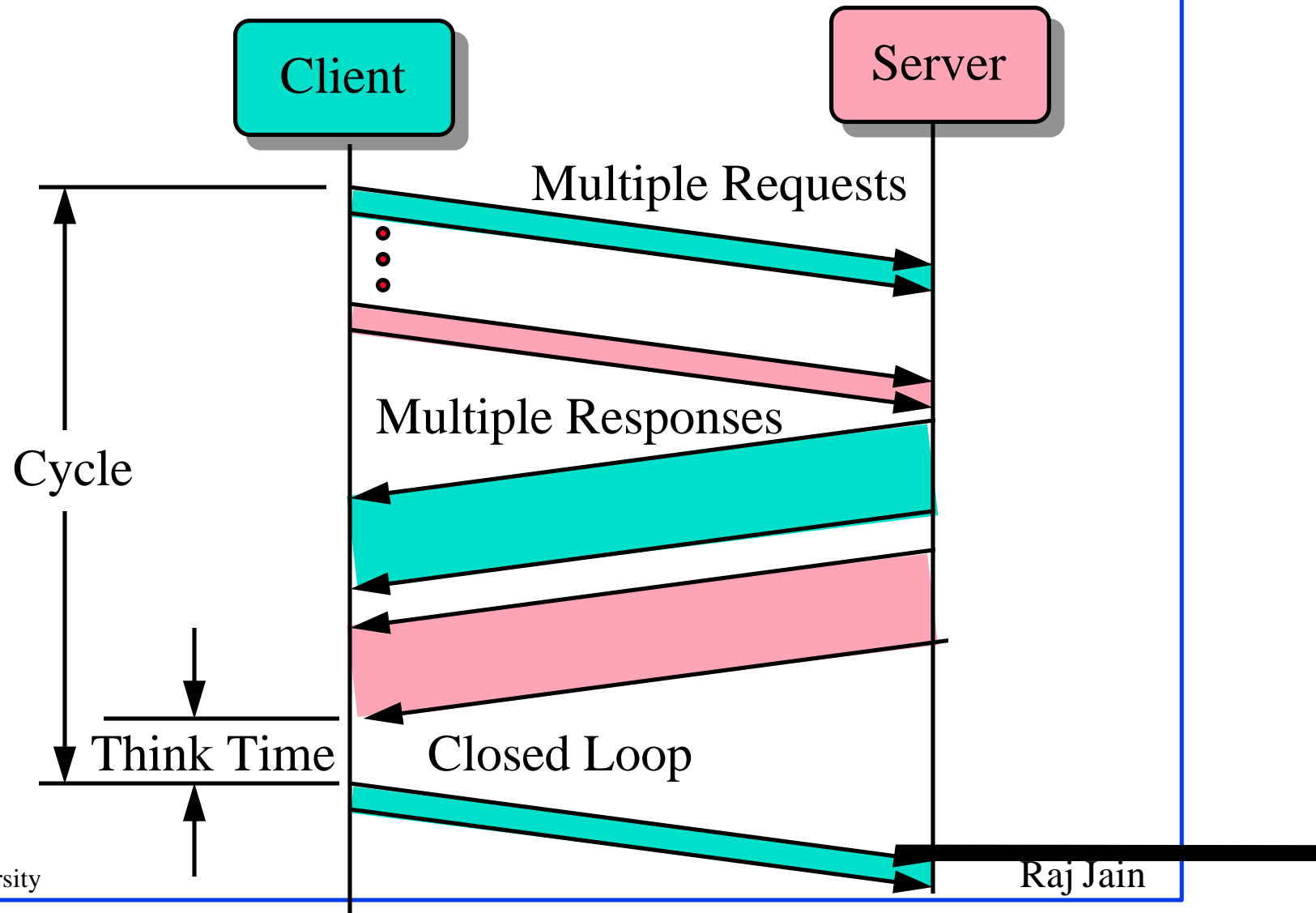
Contact: Jain@CIS.Ohio-State.Edu

<http://www.cis.ohio-state.edu/~Jain/>

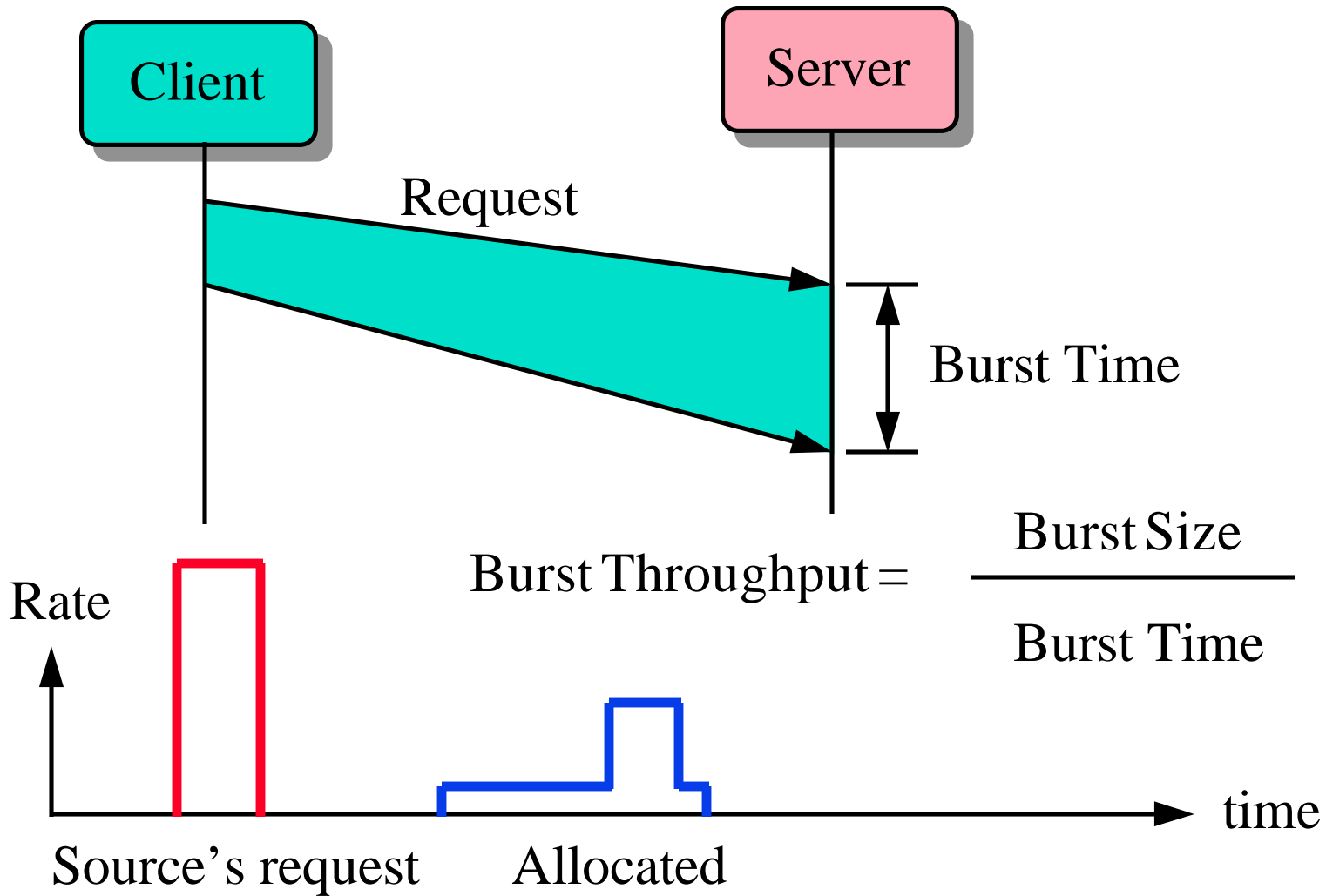


- ❑ Bursty traffic model
- ❑ Bursty traffic performance metrics
- ❑ Bursty traffic performance with ABR

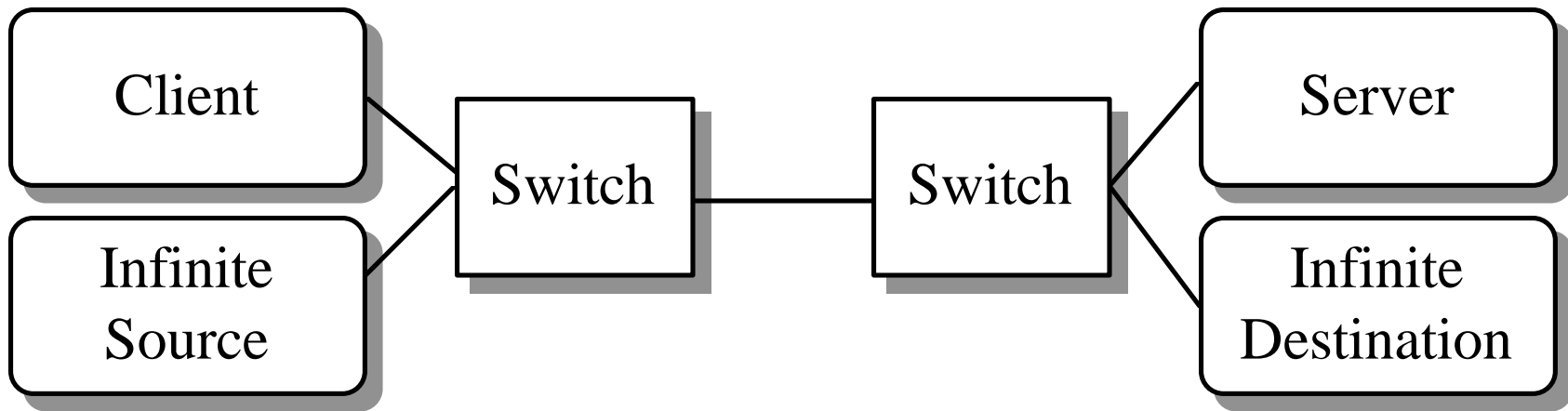
# Bursty Traffic Model: WWW



# Burst Throughput



# Single-Client Configuration



- ❑ All links 155 Mbps
- ❑ Infinite source as the background traffic
- ❑ Goal: If the scheme has problem with single-source, it will have problems with more complex configurations

# Simulation Parameters

- Source: Parameters selected to maximize ACR
  - Nrm = 32
  - AIRF = 1  $\Rightarrow$  AIR = PCR/Nrm  $\Rightarrow$  ACR is not limited by AIR
  - RDF = 512 cells
  - {TDF, PNI} = {1/8, 0} or {0, 1}  $\Rightarrow$  Rule 5 on or off
  - CIF = 512, 4096
  - RTT = Propagation delay  $\times$  multipliers of 1, 10
  - XDF = 1/2
- Traffic: Bi-directional
- Switch:
  - Target Utilization = 90%
  - Averaging interval = min{30 cells, 200  $\mu$ s}

# Rule 5 and 6

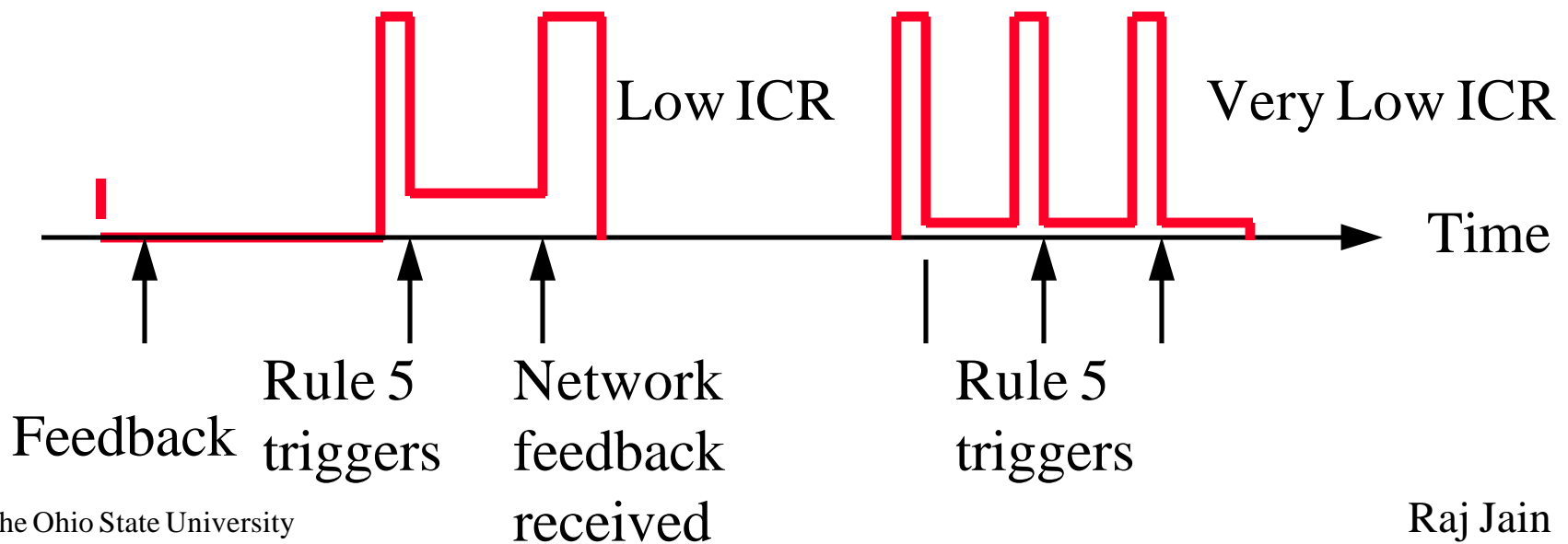
ICR

		ICR	
		Low	High
XRM	Low	Rule 5, 6	Rule 6
	High	Rule 6	

- ❑  $ICR = \text{Min}\{PCR, a * CIF / RTT\}$
- ❑  $XRM = \text{Min}\{CIF / N_{rm}, PCR * RTT / N_{rm}\}$
- ❑ Small RTT  $\Rightarrow$  Small XRM
- ❑ Large RTT  $\Rightarrow$  Small ICR

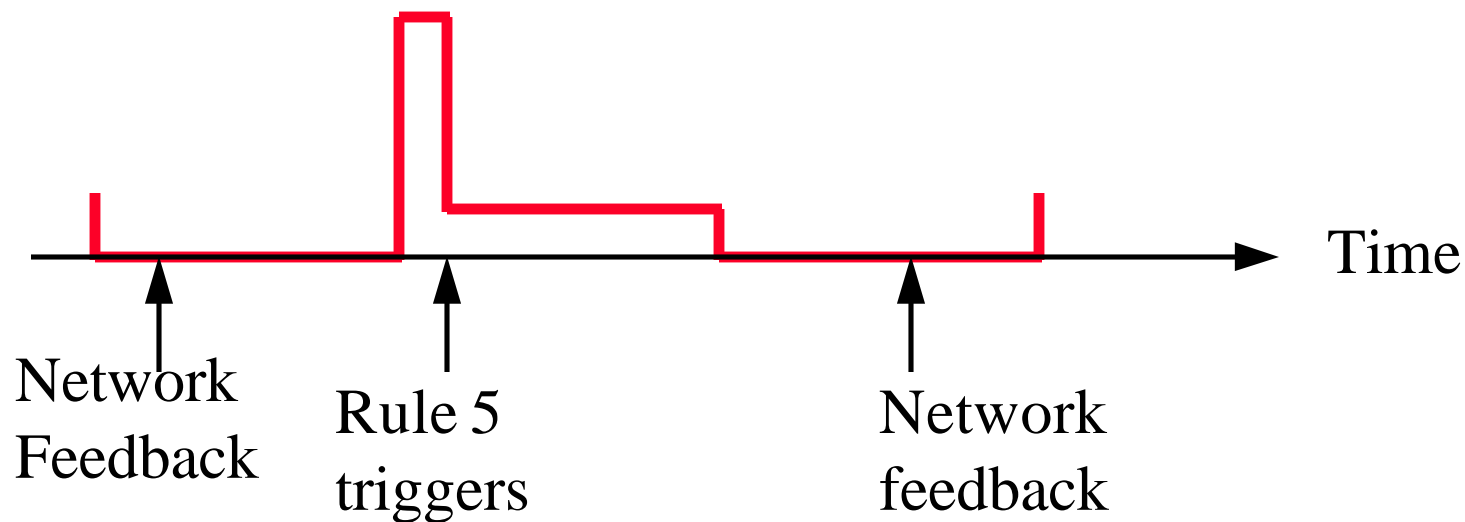
# Large Bursts

- ❑ Large Bursts: Burst Time  $>$  RTT and Burst Size  $>$  Nrm
- ❑ Burst Time =  $\text{fn}(\text{ACR})$
- ❑ Gap  $\Rightarrow$  Rule 5 triggers and brings the rate down to ICR
- ❑ Some part of the burst transmitted at low rate
- ❑ Very low ICR  $\Rightarrow$  The process is repeated



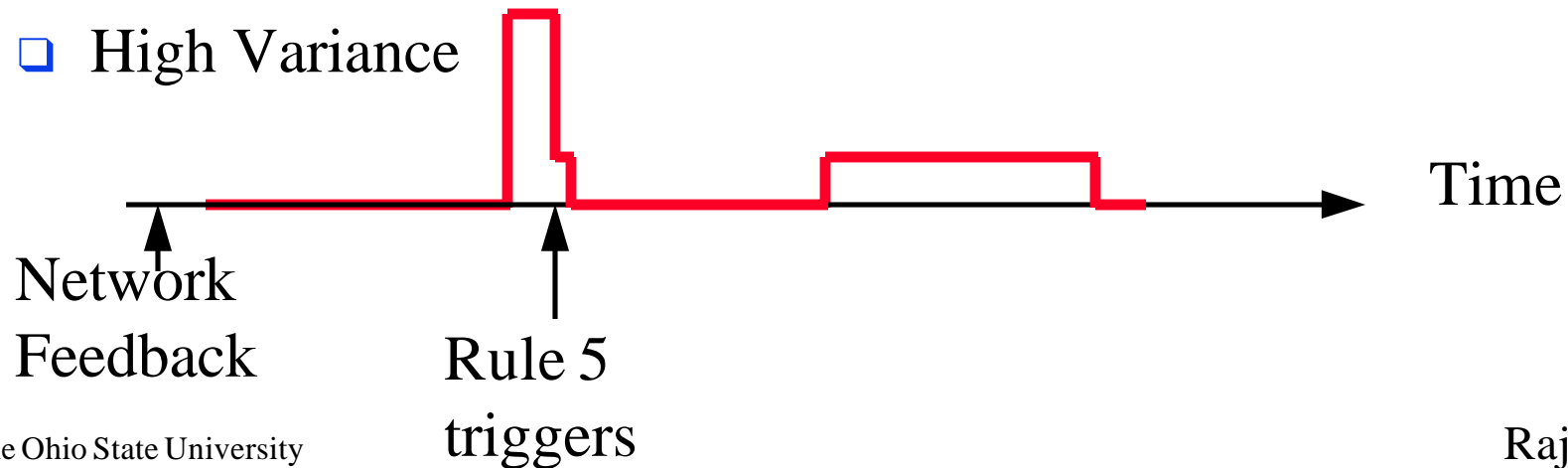
# Medium Bursts

- ❑ Medium Bursts:  $N_{rm} < \text{Burst Size}$  and  $\text{Burst Time} < \text{Round trip delay w queueing RTT}_q$
- ❑ Network feedback comes after the burst is gone.
- ❑ Rule 5 triggers and brings the rate down to ICR
- ❑ Entire burst transmitted at low rate

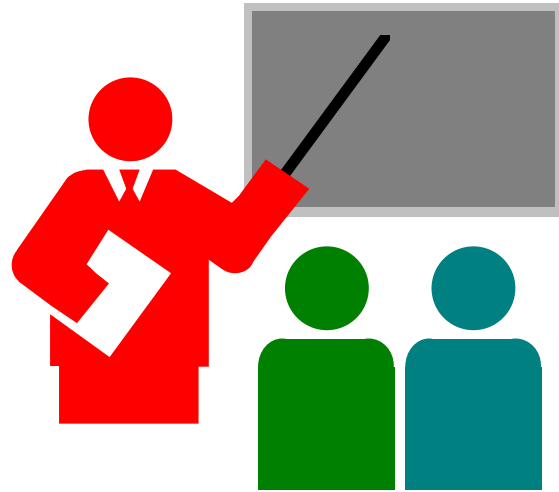


# Small Bursts

- ❑ Small Bursts: Burst Size  $< N_{rm}$
- ❑ No RM cells transmitted during some bursts  
No source rules triggered during these bursts  
Entire burst transmitted at one rate
- ❑ RM Cells transmitted during some bursts  
Rule 5 triggers and brings the rate down to ICR  
Burst transmitted at low rate
- ❑ High Variance



# Summary



- ❑ Round trip delay with queueing is highly random  
Network performance unpredictable.
- ❑ Rule 5 is not “burst-friendly.”
- ❑ Small burst throughput highly variable.
- ❑ Medium burst throughput equal to ICR
- ❑ Large burst throughput depends upon ICR (and rule 5)